Hamtramck Public Schools

Financial Statements

June 30, 2022



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Members of the Board of Education

Salah Hadwan	President
Showkat Chowdhury	Vice President
Daz'Shavon Hall	Secretary
Moortadha Obaid	Treasurer
Evan Major	Trustee
Jihan Aiyash	Trustee
Regan Watson	Trustee
	Administration
Nabil Nagi	Interim Superintendent

Sherry Lynem

Director of Finance



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Independent Auditors' Report

Management and the Board of Education Hamtramck Public Schools Hamtramck, MI

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamtramck Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hamtramck Public Schools' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamtramck Public Schools, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Hamtramck Public Schools, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Hamtramck Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamtramck Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Hamtramck Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the school district's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of the school district's pension contributions, schedule of the school district's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of the school district's OPEB contributions identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the



basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hamtramck Public Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2022 on our consideration of Hamtramck Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamtramck Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hamtramck Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

yeo & yeo, P.C.

Ann Arbor, MI October 31, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Hamtramck Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Hamtramck Public Schools (the "School District"), a K-12 school district located in Wayne County, Michigan, offers a free public education to all resident students and eligible Schools of Choice students. This annual report was prepared by the School District's Department of Finance and are in accordance with GASB No. 34 Financial Statement Reporting format. As Management of the School District, we offer readers of the School District financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The district has a General Fund surplus of \$14,023,653.
- \$1.4 million Federal Stabilization funds were received during the year.
- Phase one of a multi-million dollar project to replace windows and upgrade HVAC systems has begun. This project will be accomplished with the use of
 one-time Federal Stabilization Funds.
- The total assets of the General Fund District amounted to \$23,599,304 in comparison to total liabilities of \$9,190,394 as of June 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

Both district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by State School Aid and property taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, support services and related activities. The School District does not have any business-type activities.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 4-1 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of resources, as well as on balances of resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and Non-major Funds, which includes the Food Service Fund, Recreation Fund, and the Sinking Fund. The General Fund is the only fund considered to be a major fund.

The School District adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund and the two Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund, which is the only major fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4-4 through 4-8 of this report.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the district-wide financial statements. The School District does not have any enterprise funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 4-9 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information. Required supplemental information can be found on in section 5 of this report. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found in section 6 of this report.

District-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a school district's financial position. The following summarizes the net assets at June 30, 2021 and 2022.

By far, the largest portion of the School District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, site improvements, machinery, and equipment). The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. In 2021/2022 there is a decrease in net position.

Governmental Activities Summary

vices Summary	hu	ne 30.
	2022	2021
	(tho	usands)
Assets	<u> </u>	
Current assets	\$ 24,433	\$ 26,790
Capital assets, net book value	17,237	17,867
Total assets	41,670	44,657
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred amount on net pension liability	14,875	21,333
Deferred amount on net OPEB liability	5,738	7,480
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,613	28,813
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	7,251	5,745
Long-term liabilities	58,552	90,072
Total liabilities	65,803	95,817
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred amount on net pension liability	20,895	3,116
Deferred amount on net OPEB liability	12,709	8,874
Total deferred inflows of resources	33,604	11,990
Net position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,390	17,157
Restricted for sinking fund, recreation, & food service	2,204	3,329
Unrestricted	(55,970)	
Total net position	\$ (36,376)	
-		

Hamtramck Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Jur	ne 30,
	2022	2021
	(thou	isands)
Revenues		
General		
Property taxes - general operations	\$ 2,293	\$ 2,266
Property taxes - recreation	960	925
Property taxes - sinking fund	878	847
State aid unrestricted	24,658	24,805
Other	109	51
Total general revenues	28,898	28,894
Operating grants		
Instruction	8,978	11,654
Support services	9,673	10,001
Cafeteria	2,822	3,202
Total operating grants	21,473	24,857
Charges for services		
Support	16	6
Cafeteria	-	42
Total charges for services	16	48
Capital grants		
Instruction	209	167
Total revenue	50,596	53,966
Expenses		
Instruction	28,343	29,221
Support services	20,006	18,752
Food services	2,862	1,752
Community service	1,383	928
Interest and other expenses	38	37
Total expenses	52,632	50,690
Change in net position	(2,039)	3,267
Net position - beginning	(34,337)	(37,604)
Net position - ending	\$ (36,376)	\$ (34,337)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a school district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Hamtramck Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,422,583 in comparison to \$20,207,940 in the previous year. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund surplus amounted to \$14,023,653

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State aid foundation increased to \$8,700 per-pupil this year. This was the largest increase to per pupil funding in history. The district continues to honor its commitment to remaining fiscally fit. This is evidenced by continuing to exceed the board resolution to reserve 15% of the unrestricted fund balance as a hedge against unforeseen revenue loses and potential declines in enrollment. This can be seen in the financial statements as "Committed" Fund Balance on the balance sheet.

Economic and Other Factors and Next Year's Budgets

- Property tax revenues are expected remain stable. Delinquent tax collections are not budgeted due to the uncertainty of the collections.
- Fiscal year 2022/23 state aid foundation allowance will see another substantial increase. Beginning July 1, 2022 the per pupil funding is increasing by \$450, bringing the 2022/23 foundation allowance to \$9,150. An increase in unreimbursed retirement cost is expected, and certain other categorical revenues may be reduced or eliminated. Because all school districts across the state are returning to face-to-face learning, the formula used to calculate the foundation allowance has returned to basing 90% of funding on fall enrollment and 10% on the spring enrollment.
- Fall student enrollment appears to be stable and the district is monitoring the it closely. The school district is at an unfair disadvantage compared to other districts in terms of competition with charter schools. There are still (7) charter schools either in the city or within walking distance of Hamtramck, however the district is holding its own.
- Hamtramck Public Schools will not participate in the State-Aid Anticipation Ioan Program (via the "Michigan Bond Authority"), thereby reducing borrowing costs and keeping those dollars in the classroom.
- The District's Technology Director is meeting the challenges of ensuring the buildings technology needs are met for online learning and assessments. The department quickly prepared and distributed chromebooks for every household of our enrolled students when the district went into a mandatory shutdown due to the pandemic. The Technology staff are currently providing training and technical assistance for staff and students in this remote learning environment.
- The district secured a 10-year partnership with the Detroit City Football Club for renovations to 80+ year old Keyworth Stadium. The project began in 2016 with \$606,172 put into stadium upgrades and repairs. Another \$111,000 in upgrades and repairs were made during 2017. In 2019 new artificial turf was laid and luxury suites were installed and more will continue in the upcoming years. The project is a huge win for Hamtramck Public Schools as well as the City of Hamtramck as crowds that number between 5,000-7,000 attended soccer games and brought people into the city that might not otherwise come to the city. Local businesses benefitted from DCFC fans patronizing their establishments.
- And lastly, the district launched the new Virtual Learning Institute. This program is designed to meet the needs of our students who either are unable to attend face-to-face or who's families feel more comfortable having their children receive remote instruction during the unprecedented challenges of a worldwide pandemic. As we enter the 2022/23 school year we are proud to announce that HPS certified teachers are teaching in the program.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Sherry A. Lynem, CFO, Director of Finance, 3201 Roosevelt, Hamtramck, Michigan, 48212.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hamtramck Public Schools Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Prepaid items Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,026,552 7,789 8,380,605 18,000 748,074 17,237,198
Total assets	42,418,218
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on net pension liability Deferred amount on net OPEB liability	14,875,049 5,737,690
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,612,739

Hamtramck Public Schools Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	G 	overnmental Activities
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Payroll deductions and withholdings Accrued salaries payable Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities	\$	1,850,716 655,439 336,489 3,429,006 978,961
Debt due within one year Debt due in more than one year Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		840,000 1,494,771 52,816,377 3,401,243
Total liabilities		65,803,002
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred amount on net pension liability Deferred amount on net OPEB liability		20,895,423 12,708,680
Total deferred inflows of resources		33,604,103
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Food service		17,390,272 1,766,161
Recreation Capital projects - sinking fund Unrestricted		404,016 33,354 (55,969,951)
Total net position	\$	(36,376,148)

Hamtramck Public Schools Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Program Revenues						
		Expenses		harges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	F	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs Governmental activities										
Instruction	\$	28,343,110	\$	-	\$	8,978,462	\$	208,502	\$	(19,156,146)
Supporting services		20,006,167		15,560		9,672,596		-		(10,318,011)
Student and school activities		68,632		66,259		-		-		(2,373)
Food services		2,861,574		-		2,821,723		-		(39,851)
Community services		1,382,754		-		-		-		(1,382,754)
Interest on long-term debt		37,953								(37,953)
Total governmental activities	\$	52,700,190	\$	81,819	\$	21,472,781	\$	208,502		(30,937,088)
	Ge	neral revenues								
	-	roperty taxes,		for general p	urpos	ses				2,293,400
		roperty taxes,		•						959,899
		roperty taxes,								878,444
	S	tate aid - unres	stricted	d						24,657,942
	Ir	nterest and inve	estmei	nt earnings						124
	С	other								108,401
		Total genera	ıl reve	nues						28,898,210
		Change in n	et pos	ition						(2,038,878)
	Net	position - begi	inning							(34,337,270)
	Net	position - end	ing						\$	(36,376,148)

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Hamtramck Public Schools Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Prepaid items	\$	15,316,425 7,789 - 8,257,090 18,000	\$ 710,127 - 2,901,549 123,515 -	\$	16,026,552 7,789 2,901,549 8,380,605 18,000
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	23,599,304	\$ 3,735,191	\$	27,334,495
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governmental units Payroll deductions and withholdings Accrued salaries payable Unearned revenue	\$	1,575,797 2,861,976 655,439 336,489 3,407,237 353,456	\$ 274,919 39,573 - - 21,769 -	\$	1,850,716 2,901,549 655,439 336,489 3,429,006 353,456
Total liabilities		9,190,394	 336,261		9,526,655

Hamtramck Public Schools Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue Grants received	\$ 385,25	7 \$ -	\$ 385,257	
Frend Delenses				
Fund Balances Non-spendable				
Prepaid items	18,00) _	18,000	
Restricted for	10,000		10,000	
Food service	-	1,766,161	1,766,161	
Recreation	-	1,564,742	1,564,742	
Capital projects- sinking fund	-	33,354	33,354	
Committed for				
Board minimum	2,103,548	- 3	2,103,548	
Student activities	-	34,673	34,673	
Unassigned	11,902,10	<u> </u>	11,902,105	
Total fund balances	14,023,653	3,398,930	17,422,583	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 23,599,304</u>	<u>\$ 3,735,191</u>	<u>\$ 27,334,495</u>	

Hamtramck Public Schools Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	17,422,583
Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Other governmental units		385,257
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		748,074 17,237,198
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability		(20,895,423) 14,875,049 (12,708,680) 5,737,690
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Compensated absences Bonds payable Unearned revenue		(52,816,377) (3,401,243) (1,739,771) (595,000) (625,505)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(36,376,148)

Hamtramck Public Schools Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues	¢	0 504 014	¢	1 0 4 9 9 0 4	ዮ	4 472 619
Local sources State sources	\$	2,524,814	\$	1,948,804	\$	4,473,618
Federal sources		33,763,875 8,173,013		11,816 2,809,907		33,775,691 10,982,920
		2,339,807		2,009,907		2,339,807
Interdistrict sources		2,009,007				2,339,007
Total revenues		46,801,509		4,770,527		51,572,036
Expenditures						
Current						
Education						
Instruction		28,549,223		-		28,549,223
Supporting services		20,141,496		10,156		20,151,652
Student and school activities		-		68,632		68,632
Food services		-		2,803,320		2,803,320
Community services		478,616		875,989		1,354,605
Facilities acquisition		-		979,684		979,684
Capital outlay		297,324		-		297,324
Debt service						
Principal		140,000		-		140,000
Interest and other expenditures		37,953		-		37,953
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		710,000		-		710,000
Total expenditures		50,354,612		4,737,781		55,092,393
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		(3,553,103)		32,746		(3,520,357)

Hamtramck Public Schools Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from refunding bonds	\$ 735,000	\$ -	\$ 735,000
Net change in fund balance	(2,818,103)	32,746	(2,785,357)
Fund balances - beginning	16,841,756	3,366,184	20,207,940
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 14,023,653</u>	\$ 3,398,930	\$ 17,422,583

Hamtramck Public Schools Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ (2,785,357)
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. Operating grants	(1,119,226)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation and amortization expense Capital outlay Donations of capital assets	(1,417,574) 1,369,493 208,502
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. Compensated absences	226,661
The statement of net position reports the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contribution. Net change in net pension liability Net change in the deferrals of resources related to the net pension liability	22,691,161 (24,237,442)
The statement of net position reports the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual OPEB contribution.	
Net change in net OPEB liability Net change in the deferrals of resources related to the net OPEB liability	8,487,104 (5,577,200)
Bond and note proceeds and capital leases are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balances. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are recorded as liabilities and amortized in the statement of activities. When debt refunding occurs, the difference in the carrying value of the refunding debt and the amount applied to the new debt is reported the same as regular debt proceeds or repayments, as a financing source or expenditure in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of net position, debt refunding may result in deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources, which are then amortized in the statement of activities.	
Debt issued Repayments of long-term debt	 (735,000) 850,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,038,878)

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Hamtramck Public Schools (the School District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the School District's significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. The School District has no component units.

District-wide Financial Statements

The School District's basic financial statements include both districtwide (reporting for the district as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds). The district–wide financial statements categorize all nonfiduciary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the School District's activities are classified as governmental activities.

The statement of net position presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions. The functions are also supported by

general government revenues (property taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operatingspecific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). The School District does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the district-wide financial statements the School District has eliminated interfund transactions.

The district-wide focus is on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the School District pertaining to education and those operations not required to be provided for in other funds.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The School District's Special Revenue Funds include the Food Service Fund, Recreation Fund, and Student/School Activity Fund.

<u>Sinking Fund</u> – The Sinking Fund is used to record the sinking fund property tax levy and other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically for acquiring new school sites, construction or repair of school buildings.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – Generally, outstanding amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are caused by transferring revenues and expenses between funds to get them into the proper reporting fund. These balances are paid back as cash flow permits.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Property taxes collected are based upon the approved tax rate for the year of levy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rates are as follows per \$1,000 of assessed value.

General Fund	
Non-principal residence exemption	17.8692
Commercial personal property	5.8692
Recreation Fund	4.2682
Sinking Fund	3.8820

School property taxes are assessed and collected in accordance with enabling state legislation by cities and townships within the School District's boundaries. All of the School District's tax roll lies within Wayne County.

The property tax levy runs from July 1 to June 30. Property taxes become a lien on the first day of the levy year and are due on or before September 14 or February 14. Collections are forwarded to the School District as collected by the assessing municipalities. Real property taxes uncollected as of March 1 are purchased by the County of Wayne and remitted to the School District by May 15.

There are no significant abatements made by the School District.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The School District defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure assets. Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	20-50 years
Site improvements	10-20 years
Equipment and furniture	5-10 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For district-wide financial statements, the School District reports deferred outflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB plan earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plans. The School District also reported deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date. This amount will reduce the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the following year.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The liability for compensated absences reported in the district-wide statements consist of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated for employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments upon retirement.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – In the district-wide financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period.

In the School District's fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

<u>Pension</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. For district-wide financial statements, the School District reports deferred inflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB plan earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from the plan investments and what the plan actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plans. Deferred inflows of resources also includes revenue received relating to the amounts included in the deferred outflows for payments related to MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) Stabilization defined benefit pension statutorily required contributions.

<u>*Fund Balance*</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – amounts that are not available in a spendable form.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for specific purposes. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the Board of Education.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by the Board of Education or the Superintendent. The Board of Education has granted the Superintendent the authority to assign funds. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the General Fund are automatically assigned by their nature.

<u>Unassigned</u> – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School District's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the School District's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

Committed Fund Balance

The School District has resolved to maintain a fund balance of no less than 15% of the available fund balance as committed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Statement No. 87, *Leases* increases the usefulness of the District's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use a lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about the District's leasing activities.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, is based on the standards established in Statement No. 87 *Leases.* This statement (1) defines a SBITA as a contract that conveys control of the right to use a SBITA vendor's IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction (2) requires governments with SBITAs to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability, and (3) provides guidance related to outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs, and requirements for note disclosures related to a SBITA. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 99, *2022 Omnibus* enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, thereby canceling all encumbrances. These appropriations are reestablished at the beginning of the year.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. A district is not considered in violation of the law if reasonable procedures are in use by the School District to detect violations.

The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functions within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the year, the School District incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Function	Final Budget		Amount of Expenditures		Budget Variances	
General Fund						
Instruction						
Added needs	\$	8,003,218	\$	8,220,401	\$	217,183
Supporting services						
Pupil		3,575,340		3,627,471		52,131
Instructional staff		3,141,603		3,291,811		150,208
School administration		2,574,502		2,596,096		21,594
Business		603,838		604,100		262
Central		2,315,605		2,545,546		229,941
Athletic activities		323,160		362,320		39,160
Other		29,168		32,703		3,535
Capital outlay		223,231		297,324		74,093
Debt Service						
Debt - interest and fiscal charges		-		37,953		37,953
Payments to bond escrow agent		-		710,000		710,000

Compliance - Sinking Funds

The Capital Project Fund records capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, management believes the School District has complied, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of § 1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 2004-4.

Note 3 - Deposits And Investments

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the School District is as follows:

Deposits (checking, savings accounts,

money markets, certificates of deposit)	\$ 16,026,252
Petty cash and cash on hand	 300

Total \$ 16,026,552

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The School District does not have a formal investment policy to manage its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates.

<u>Credit risk</u> – State statutes authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> – The School District has no policy that would limit the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$15,935,090 of the School District's bank balance of \$16,185,090 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in governmental capital assets is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	v v		Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 748,074	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 748,074
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and additions	\$ 31,287,388	\$ 679,872	\$ -	\$ 31,967,260
Equipment and furniture	4,813,698	107,925	-	4,921,623
Buses and other vehicles	253,676			253,676
Total capital assets being depreciated	36,354,762	787,797		37,142,559
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and additions	15,250,917	1,060,163	-	16,311,080
Equipment and furniture	3,150,192	329,275	-	3,479,467
Buses and other vehicles	86,678	28,136		114,814
Total accumulated depreciation	18,487,787	1,417,574		19,905,361
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 17,866,975</u>	<u>\$ 118,297</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,985,272</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the School District as follows:

Governmental activities Instruction Supporting services Food services	\$	765,636 540,430 75,180
Community services	¢	<u>36,328</u> 1,417,574
Total governmental activities	$\overline{\Phi}$	1,417,574

Donated Capital Assets

As of November 2015 the District entered into a rental lease agreement, exchanging \$1 of rent in lieu of improvements to the District's stadium. As of June 30, 2022 the District received \$1,447,290 of improvements, which is recorded as capital assets. The donated capital assets are recognized over the life of the lease. As of June 30, 2022 there is unearned revenue of \$625,505 relating to the donated capital assets.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivable And Payable

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at year end were:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 2,861,976 39,573
		\$ 2,901,549

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Management does not anticipate individual interfund balances to remain outstanding for periods in excess of one year.

Unearned

Note 6 - Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the components of unearned revenue are as follows:

	Offedfiled	
Grant and categorical aid payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements Donated assets	\$	353,456 625,505
Total	\$	978,961

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The State can withhold state aid if it has to make a bond payment on behalf of the School District related to qualified bonds. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Bond and notes payable General obligation bonds	\$ 710,000	\$ 735,000	\$ 850,000	\$ 595,000	\$ 145,000
Other liabilities Compensated absences	1,966,432	468,370	695,031	1,739,771	695,000
Total	<u>\$ 2,676,432</u>	<u>\$ 1,203,370</u>	<u>\$ 1,545,031</u>	<u>\$ 2,334,771</u>	<u>\$ 840,000</u>

For governmental activities, government obligation bonds, compensated absences are primarily liquidated by the General Fund.

General obligation bonds payable at year end, consist of the following:

 2021 Refunding Bonds of \$735,000 are due in semi-annual payments

 of \$145,000 to \$150,000 through May 1, 2026, interest at 1.00%
 \$ 595,000

Future principal and interest requirements for bonded debt are as follows:

		Bonds				
	F	Principal	In	terest		
Year Ending June 30,						
2023		145,000		27,044		
2024		150,000		21,138		
2025		150,000		14,488		
2026		150,000		7,362		
Total	\$	595,000	\$	70,032		

Interest expenditures for the fiscal year in the General Fund were \$37,406.

Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences at year end, consist of vacation hours earned and vested and accrued sick time benefits. \$1,739,771 of the vested amount is considered long-term as the amount expended each year is expected to be offset by sick time earned for the year. The amount anticipated to be paid out over the next year is included within the amounts listed as due within one year.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) and certain medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for general liability, property and casualty and health and vision claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

The School District is self-insured for health benefits paid on behalf of its employees. Payments are made to the insurance administrator each week based on actual claims and administration fees.

No additional accrual has bene recorded as of the end of the prior two fiscal years, due to the School District paying the maximum contractual amounts for all claims submitted. The year claims reimbursement liability and activity are as follows:

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	2022		2021
Estimated liability at the beginning of the year Estimated claims incurred including changes in estimates	\$	- 156,354	\$- 146,565
Claim payments		(156,354)	(146,565)
Estimated liability at the end of the year	\$		<u>\$</u>

Note 9 - Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2020, valuation will be amortized over an 18-year period beginning Oct. 1, 2020, and ending Sept. 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for plan year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Contribution Rates						
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer				
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	19.78%				
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0%	19.78%				
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4%	16.82%				
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.59%				
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.39%				

Required contributions to the pension plan from the School District were \$6,698,410 for the year ending September 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$52,816,377 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2020. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.2231 percent, which was an increase of 0.0033 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the plan year ending September 30, 2021, the School District recognized pension expense of \$8,338,158 for the measurement period. For the reporting period ending June 30, 2022, the School District recognized total pension contribution expense *of* \$7,432,306.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	outflows of Resources	_	nflows of lesources		Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	818,148	\$	(311,026)	\$	507,122
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		3,329,356		-		3,329,356
investments Changes in proportion and		-	(1	16,980,295)	(*	16,980,295)
differences between the School District contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions		3,466,078		(73,105 <u>)</u>		3,392,973
Total to be recognized in future School District contributions		7,613,582	(1	17,364,426)		(9,750,844)
subsequent to the measurement date		7,261,467		(3,530,997)		3,730,470
Total	\$	14,875,049	\$(2	20,895,423)	\$	(6,020,374)

Hamtramck Public Schools Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. The District will offset the contribution expense in the year ended June 30, 2023, with the 147c supplemental income received subsequent to the measurement date which is included in the deferred inflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows during the following plan years:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year (To Be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

<u> </u>		/
2022	\$	299,837
2023		(1,896,784)
2024		(3,659,194)
2025		(4,494,703)
	<u>\$</u>	(9,750,844)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

- Valuation Date: September 30, 2020
- Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal
- Wage inflation rate: 2.75%
- Investment Rate of Return:
 - \circ MIP and Basic Plans: 6.80% net of investment expenses
 - Pension Plus Plan: 6.80% net of investment expenses
 - Pension Plus 2 Plan: 6.00% net of investment expenses
- Projected Salary Increases: 2.75 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
- Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments: 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
- Mortality:
 - Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
 - Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018, valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees is 4.4367 years.

Recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2021 MPSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report found on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
	100.0%	

*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the plan year ended September 30, 2021, the annual moneyweighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 27.3%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2, hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

Current Single Discount Rate 1% Decrease * Assumption * 1% Increase * 5.80% / 5.80% / 5.00% 6.80% / 6.80% / 6.00% 7.80% / 7.80% / 7.00% \$ 75,513,095 \$ 52,816,377

*Discount rates listed in the following order: Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2.

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS)

There were no significant payables to the pension plan that are not ordinary accruals to the School District.

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945,

recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning with fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2020, valuation will be amortized over an 18-year period beginning Oct. 1, 2020, and ending Sept. 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for plan year 2021.

OPEB Contribution Rates										
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer								
Premium Subsidy	3.0%	8.43%								
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.0%	7.57%								

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the School District were \$1,654,174 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$3,401,243 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2020. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.2228 percent, which was an increase of 0.0009 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the plan year ending September 30, 2021, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,310,995) for the measurement period. For the reporting period ending June 30, 2022, the School District recognized total OPEB contribution expense *of* \$1,599,553.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

-	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	T - 4 - 1
	Resources	Resources	Total
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	\$-	\$ (9,708,605)	\$(9,708,605)
Changes of assumptions	2,843,270	(425,459)	2,417,811
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan			
investments	-	(2,563,578)	(2,563,578)
Changes in proportion and differences			
between the School District			
contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	1,373,522	(11,038)	1,362,484
Total to be recognized in future	4,216,792	(12,708,680)	(8,491,888)
School District contributions			
subsequent to the measurement date	1,520,898	-	1,520,898
Total	<u>\$5,737,690</u>	<u>\$(12,708,680</u>)	<u>\$(6,970,990)</u>

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows during the following plan years:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year (To Be Recognized in Future OPEB Expenses)

 3	-	
2022	\$	(1,973,154)
2023		(1,891,077)
2024		(1,945,306)
2025		(1,912,507)
2026		(680,560)
Thereafter		(89,284)

(8,491,888)

\$

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the longterm perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

- Valuation Date: September 30, 2020
- Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal
- Wage inflation rate: 2.75%

- Investment Rate of Return: 6.95% net of investment expenses
- Projected Salary Increases: 2.75 11.55%, including wage inflation of 2.75%
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Pre-65: 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120 Post-65: 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
- Mortality:
 - Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
 - Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Other Assumptions:

- Opt Out Assumption: 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.
- Survivor Coverage: 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
- Coverage Election at Retirement: 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018, valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees is 6.1312 years.

Recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2020 MPSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report found on the ORS website at <u>www.michigan.gov/orsschools</u>.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
	100.0%	

*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the plan year ended September 30, 2021, the annual moneyweighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 27.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

		Current					
1% Decrease	0	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
5.95%		6.95%	7.95%				
\$ 6,320,123	\$	3,401,243	\$ 924,15				

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

1% Decrease	Cos	st Trend Rate		1% Increase
\$ 827,835	\$ 3,401,243			6,296,636

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2021 MPSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

There were no significant payables to the OPEB plan that are not ordinary accruals to the School District.

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subjected to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of costs which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. A separate report on federal compliance has been issued for the year June 30, 2022.

The School District is a defendant in a lawsuit. Although the outcome of the lawsuit is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the School District's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Hamtramck Public Schools Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Over
	Original	Final	Actual	(Under) Budget
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 2,444,653	\$ 2,537,640	\$ 2,524,814	\$ (12,826)
State sources	34,325,324	33,888,654	33,763,875	(124,779)
Federal sources	7,701,924	12,083,518	8,173,013	(3,910,505)
Interdistrict sources	1,645,000	1,903,346	2,339,807	436,461
Total revenues	46,116,901	50,413,158	46,801,509	(3,611,649)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	18,628,012	20,485,164	19,997,817	(487,347)
Added needs	8,292,198	8,003,218	8,220,401	217,183
Adult and continuing education	542,895	499,572	331,005	(168,567)
Supporting services				
Pupil	4,349,329	3,575,340	3,627,471	52,131
Instructional staff	2,879,214	3,141,603	3,291,811	150,208
General administration	851,261	987,944	977,409	(10,535)
School administration	2,640,951	2,574,502	2,596,096	21,594
Business	565,000	603,838	604,100	262
Operations and maintenance	3,137,972	4,001,257	3,972,449	(28,808)
Pupil transportation services	1,727,597	2,192,935	2,131,591	(61,344)
Central	1,508,506	2,315,605	2,545,546	229,941
Athletic activities	254,816	323,160	362,320	39,160
Other	2,300	29,168	32,703	3,535
Community services	434,733	595,146	478,616	(116,530)
Capital outlay	1,000,000	223,231	297,324	74,093
Debt service				
Principal	162,406	155,516	140,000	(15,516)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	37,953	37,953
Payments to bond escrow agent		-	710,000	710,000
Total expenditures	46,977,190	49,707,199	50,354,612	647,413
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(860,289)	705,959	(3,553,103)	(4,259,062)

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Hamtramck Public Schools Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted A	mounts		Over
	Original	Final	Actual	(Under) Budget
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from refunding bonds	<u> </u>		735,000	735,000
Net change in fund balance	(860,289)	705,959	(2,818,103)	(3,524,062)
Fund balance - beginning	16,841,756	16,841,756	16,841,756	-
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$ 15,981,467</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 14,023,653</u>	(3,524,062)

Hamtramck Public Schools Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Measurement Date September 30th, of Each Fiscal Year)

						June 30,					
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
A.	Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.22309%	0.21981%	0.21168%	0.19850%	0.18620%	0.17300%	0.17190%	0.17356%		
В.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 52,816,377	\$ 75,507,538	\$70,102,504	\$ 59,663,869	\$ 48,244,976	\$43,167,987	\$41,981,704	\$ 38,228,483		
C.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll	\$ 20,220,460	\$ 19,715,692	\$18,951,183	\$ 17,544,331	\$ 16,106,218	\$14,651,155	\$14,508,146	\$ 14,789,623		
D.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	261.20%	382.98%	369.91%	340.07%	299.54%	294.64%	289.37%	258.48%		
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%		

Notes:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in plan fiscal year 2021.

Changes of benefit assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in plan fiscal year 2021.

Hamtramck Public Schools Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

			For the Years Ended June 30,														
		 2022		2021		2020	_	2019		2018	_	2017		2016	 2015	2014	 2013
A.	Statutorily required contributions	\$ 7,432,306	\$	6,907,783	\$	5,860,695	\$	5,788,971	\$	4,974,157	\$	3,000,336	\$	2,768,780	\$ 2,810,507		
В.	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	 7,432,306		6,907,783		5,860,695	_	5,788,971		4,974,157		3,000,336		2,768,780	 2,810,507		
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$		\$ -		
D.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll	\$ 20,293,805	\$ 2	20,081,814	\$	19,668,362	\$	18,735,471	\$	17,132,837	\$	15,974,656	\$	15,108,789	\$ 14,833,962		
E.	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	36.62%		34.40%		29.80%		30.90%		29.03%		18.78%		18.33%	18.95%		

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Hamtramck Public Schools Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Measurement Date September 30th, of Each Fiscal Year)

						June 30,					
		 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
A.	Reporting unit's proportion of the net OPEB liability (%)	0.22283%	0.22191%	0.21640%	0.20590%	0.18530%					
В.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,401,243	\$ 11,888,347	\$ 15,531,471	\$ 16,369,049	\$ 16,413,485					
C.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll	\$ 20,220,460	\$ 19,715,692	\$ 18,951,183	\$ 17,544,331	\$ 16,106,218					
D.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	16.82%	60.30%	81.96%	93.30%	101.91%					
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%					

Notes:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in plan fiscal year 2021. Changes of benefit assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in plan fiscal year 2021.

Hamtramck Public Schools Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

2013

					For the	e Years Ended Ju	une 30,			
		 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
A.	Statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,599,553	\$ 1,742,849	\$ 1,494,436	\$ 1,552,888	\$ 1,263,911				
В.	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	 1,599,553	1,742,849	1,494,436	1,552,888	1,263,911				
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>				
D.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll	\$ 20,293,805	\$ 20,081,814	\$ 19,668,362	\$ 18,735,471	\$ 17,132,837				
E.	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.88%	8.68%	7.60%	8.29%	7.38%				

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Hamtramck Public Schools Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor		
	Fo	ood Service		Recreation	St	udent/School Activity	S	inking Fund	G	overnmental Funds
Assets										
Cash	\$	421,285	\$	213,367	\$	74,246	\$	1,229	\$	710,127
Due from other funds		1,295,747		1,382,413		-		223,389		2,901,549
Due from other governmental units		123,515		-		-		-		123,515
Total assets	\$	1,840,547	\$	1,595,780	\$	74,246	\$	224,618	\$	3,735,191
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	74,386	\$	9,269	\$	-	\$	191,264	\$	274,919
Due to other funds		-		-		39,573		-		39,573
Accrued salaries payable		-		21,769		-		-		21,769
Total liabilities		74,386		31,038		39,573		191,264		336,261
Fund Balances										
Restricted for										
Food service		1,766,161		-		-		-		1,766,161
Recreation		-		1,564,742		-		-		1,564,742
Sinking fund		-		-		-		33,354		33,354
Committed for										
Student Activities		-		-		34,673		-		34,673
Total fund balances		1,766,161		1,564,742		34,673		33,354		3,398,930
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,840,547	\$	1,595,780	\$	74,246	\$	224,618	\$	3,735,191

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Hamtramck Public Schools

Other Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor		
	Food Service	Recreation	Student/School Activity	Sinking Fund	Governmental Funds	
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 124	\$ 1,003,977	\$ 66,259	\$ 878,444	\$ 1,948,804	
State sources	11,816	-	-	-	11,816	
Federal sources	2,809,907				2,809,907	
Total revenues	2,821,847	1,003,977	66,259	878,444	4,770,527	
Expenditures						
Current						
Education						
Supporting services	-	10,156		-	10,156	
Student and school activities	-	-	68,632	-	68,632	
Food services	2,803,320	-	-	-	2,803,320	
Community services	-	875,989	-	-	875,989	
Facilities acquisition	<u> </u>			979,684	979,684	
Total expenditures	2,803,320	886,145	68,632	979,684	4,737,781	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	18,527	117,832	(2,373)	(101,240)	32,746	
Fund balances - beginning	1,747,634	1,446,910	37,046	134,594	3,366,184	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 1,766,161</u>	<u>\$ 1,564,742</u>	<u>\$ 34,673</u>	<u>\$ 33,354</u>	<u>\$ </u>	